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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 85-282

H. R. 580

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INDEX AND SUMMARY OF H. R. 580

- Jan. 3, 1957 Rep. Carnahan introduced H. R. 580 which was referred to the House Committee on Agriculture. Print of bill as introduced and referred.
- July 19, 1957 House subcommittee ordered H. R. 580 reported.
- Aug. 2, 1957 House committee ordered H. R. 580 reported with amendment.
- Aug. 5, 1957 House committee reported H. R. 580 with amendment. House Report No. 989. Print of bill and report.
- Aug. 19, 1957 House passed H. R. 580 as reported.
- Aug. 20, 1957 H. R. 580 was referred to Senate Agriculture and Forestry Committee. Print of bill as referred.
- Aug. 28, 1957 Senate committee reported H. R. 580 without amendment. Senate Report No. 1156. Print of bill and report.
- Aug. 30, 1957 Senate passed H. R. 580 without amendment.
- Sept. 4, 1957 Approved: Public Law 85-282

DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 85-282

EXCHANGE OF FOREST LANDS IN MISSOURI. Authorizes Missouri to convey to the U. S. certain lands in the State in exchange for not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands in the State.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 3, 1957

Mr. CARNAHAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

A BILL

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled
4 “An Act donating public lands to the several States and
5 Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of
6 agriculture and the mechanic arts”, approved July 2, 1862
7 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301-308), the State of Missouri is author-
8 ized to convey to the Secretary of Agriculture all right, title,
9 and interest of such State in and to any land granted to such
10 State under authority of such Act of July 2, 1862, which is
11 located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests
12 situated within such State, and, in exchange therefor, the

1 Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey to the State
 2 of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the United States in
 3 and to not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands
 4 (as determined by the Secretary) situated within such State.

5 SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of
 6 this Act shall be made in accordance with the applicable
 7 provisions of section 7 of the Act of March 1, 1911, com-
 8 monly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C., sec.
 9 516), and the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An
 10 Act to consolidate national forest lands", approved March
 11 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C., secs. 485 and 486).

12 SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri
 13 under authority of this Act shall, upon acceptance of such
 14 conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be
 15 granted to such State subject to the provisions of the Act
 16 of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this Act,

A BILL

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the
State of Missouri.

By Mr. CARNAHAN

JANUARY 3, 1957

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued July 22, 1957
For actions of July 19, 1957
85th-1st, No. 128

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HIGHLIGHTS: House passed mutual security authorization bill. Rep. McGovern criticized feed grain proposals.

SENATE

1. PERSONNEL. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee reported the following bills: Without amendment, S. 1411, to require hearings before suspending employees on security charges (S. Rept. 686);
Without amendment, S. 1901, to authorize overtime pay for irregular work hours (S. Rept. 687); and
With amendment, S. 2127, to reduce the insurance available to employees over 65 (S. Rept. 688). p. 10954
2. DISASTER RELIEF. Sen. Humphrey inserted resolutions of a farmers' meeting on the disaster relief needed in northwestern Minn. p. 10954
3. LIVESTOCK. Sen. Carlson inserted a letter from the Kans. Livestock Ass'n opposing the humane slaughter bill and urging progress through cooperation. p. 10954
4. EDUCATION EXCHANGE. Sen. Neuberger commended the international exchange of high school students and inserted a statement on the work of the American Field Service. pp. 10974-5

5. PUBLIC DEBT. Sens. Humphrey, Johnston, and Yarborough discussed the state of the public debt and interest rates. pp. 10976-7
6. WEATHER. Both Houses received from the President a report from the Advisory Committee on Weather Control for Aug-Nov., 1955. pp. 10953, 11088
7. LOANS. Received from the Mass. General Court a resolution urging Congress to enact a revolving loan fund to permit states to borrow at low interest rates. pp. 10953-4
8. RECESSED until Mon., July 22. p. 10998

HOUSE

9. FOREIGN AID. Passed, 254 to 154, with amendments S. 2130, the mutual security authorization bill. pp. 11000-62, 11064-6
Agreed to the following amendments:
By Rep. Selden to restrict the borrowing authority for the Development Loan Fund to one year (1958) instead of for the next three years. pp. 11022-31
By Rep. Hardy, 123 to 105, to restrict the use of funds authorized for discretionary use by the President. pp. 11048-55
Rejected the following amendments:
By Rep. Bentley, 66 to 98, to prohibit any assistance under the bill to Yugoslavia. pp. 11004-11
By Rep. O'Hara, 27 to 62, to add the Secretaries of Agriculture and Labor to the National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Problems. pp. 11020-1
A committee amendment to increase the special assistance fund of the President from \$250 million to \$275 was rejected. p. 11047
10. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. McGovern criticized the recent feed grains proposals of the Department and stated that they would "remove what little remains in the form of a corn program." p. 11063
11. RECLAMATION. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 2147, to provide for the construction of the San Angelo reclamation project, Tex., pp. 10999, 11088
12. FORESTRY. A subcommittee of the Agriculture Committee ordered reported H.R. 580, to authorize the exchange of certain land between the Department (Forest Service) and Missouri. p. D674
13. BUDGETING. Rep. Hoffman called for a reduction in Federal expenditures, and inserted a newspaper article, "Where Did Big Economy Drive Go?" pp. 11024-5
14. CONSTRUCTION. Rep. Jones defended, and Rep. McGregor criticized, proposed legislation to abolish the Government lease-purchase program for the construction of Federal buildings. pp. 11063-4, 11080-4
15. RURAL MAIL. Rep. Staggers criticized recent changes in rural mail service, and stated he was receiving many protests from his constituents on the matter. p. 11066
16. AREA REDEVELOPMENT. Rep. Lane spoke in favor of the enactment of legislation to assist areas in economic distress. pp. 11084-6

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued August 5, 1957
For actions of August 2, 1957
85th-1st, No. 138

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HIGHLIGHTS: (See Page 6).

SENATE

1. SMALL BUSINESS. Passed with amendment S. 2504, to extend the Small Business Administration for one year from July 31, 1957. pp. 12202-11
2. POULTRY INSPECTION. Senate conferees were appointed on S. 1747, to provide for the compulsory inspection of poultry and poultry products. House conferees have not been appointed. pp. 12237-40
3. TOBACCO. Sen. Cooper commended the Agriculture and Forestry Committee for postponing indefinitely consideration of S. 2569, to remove tobacco from the list of basic crops and deprive it of price support. p. 12243
4. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Neuberger inserted an item from Rep. Green's (Ore.) newsletter praising Sen. Morse for his leadership in the Hells Canyon fight. p. 12242
Sen. Kefauver inserted a table from the Chase Manhattan Bank showing an increase in the sources of energy supply in the U.S. in 1966, and showing no growth in hydro-electrification. p. 12243
5. FORESTS. Sens. Dworshak and Neuberger debated whether the Clearwater National Forest should be named the Bernard DeVoto National Forest. pp. 12191-2

6. EXPENDITURES; PERSONNEL. The Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures submitted its report on Federal employment and pay for June 1957. pp. 12186-90
7. PERSONNEL. Both Houses received from the Interior Department a proposed bill to authorize the training of Interior employees at public or private facilities; to Interior and Insular Affairs Committees. pp. 12186, 12292
8. FISCAL POLICY. Sen. Morse inserted an article, "George M. Humphrey Had a Great Fall," on the current economic situation and U.S. monetary policy. pp. 12245-7
9. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Johnson stated that the calendar would be called Mon., Aug. 5, preceded by consideration of the conference report on S. 1314, to extend Public Law 480. (pp. 12184-5, 12234). He further stated the conference report on S. 469, the Klamath Indian bill, might also be considered at that time (p. 12240).
10. RECESSED until Mon., Aug. 5. p. 12248

HOUSE

11. WHEAT. Passed with amendments H.R. 8456, to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 so as to exempt certain wheat producers from liability under the Act where all the wheat crop is fed or used for seed or food on the farm where produced. (pp. 12267-82)
Agreed to the following amendments:
By Rep. Grant, to strike out all of Sec. 3 of the bill, which would have provided that where a State for 3 successive years plants an acreage to wheat in excess of 35,000 acres it shall be classified as a commercial wheat State and shall remain so unless planting drops to less than 25,000 acres for 3 successive years and the Secretary determines that it would permit more efficient administration of the wheat program to remove the State from the commercial category. pp. 12280-81
By Rep. Henderson, to exempt certain county institutions, as well as State institutions, from the restriction of raising not more than 30 acres of wheat to avoid penalties. p. 12281
Substituted the language of H.R. 8456 as passed for that of a similar bill, S. 959, which was then passed. H.R. 8456 was tabled. p. 12282
12. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Hill defended the farm program against recent attacks, and cited statistics to indicate recent improvements in the farm situation. pp. 12286-87
13. THE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE ordered reported the following bills: p. D727
H.R. 580, with amendment, to authorize the exchange of certain land under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service with Mo.;
H.R. 8490, with amendment, to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 with respect to the establishment of rice acreage allotments;
H.R. 8508, with amendment, to provide two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties in Minn. and Iowa;
H.R. 5497, with amendment, to subject recreational and fish and wildlife development projects to certain conditions in order to receive Federal assistance under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act;

August 5, 1957

16. WEATHER CONTROL. Passed as reported S. 86, to authorize research in cloud modification. p. 12314
17. MINERALS. Passed as reported S. 2039, to clarify the definition of labor required to be performed to hold unpatented mining claims on Federal land. pp. 12314-15
18. CENSUS. Passed as reported S. 1631, to amend generally the census laws. pp. 12326-7
19. BUILDINGS. Passed without amendment S. 2108, to authorize GSA to name, rename, or designate any building under its control. p. 12331
20. FEED GRAINS. Agreed to S. Res. 168, to print as a Senate document this Department's report on the feed grain program. p. 12340
21. RESEARCH; LAND. Agreed to S. Res. 169, to print as a Senate document a Library of Congress survey, "National Policies on Federal Landownership." p. 12340
Passed as reported S. 1962, to convey certain ARS land near Bowie, Md., to the Perkins Chapel Methodist Church. p. 12342
22. FISH; RICE. Passed as reported S. 1552, to authorize this Department to establish a research program to develop methods for the commercial production of fish on flooded rice acreage. pp. 12341-2
23. FOREIGN AFFAIRS. Both Houses received the President's message on activities to promote the peace and stability of the Middle East, through June 30, 1957. pp. 12299, 12369
24. ROADS. Sen. Neuberger inserted an editorial, "Last Chance on Billboards," urging action on the bills to control signboards along the Federal interstate highway system. p. 12307
25. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Langer inserted a resolution from the West River Mutual Aid Telephone Corp of N.D., opposing any increase in REA interest rates. pp. 12299-12300
Sen. Langer inserted a series of resolutions adopted by the N.D. Rural Electric Cooperative Ass'n, opposing any increase in REA interest rates; supporting construction of a high Federal dam at Hells Canyon; urging more loan funds for generation and transmission; supporting the preference concept; supporting H.R. 965, to limit repayment for electrification (on multi-purpose projects) to those costs related to such purposes; urging passage of the bill to allow TVA to sell its own bonds; urging development of the Yellowtail project on the Bighorn River; urging establishment of a "capital budget" accounting system; opposing private power firms "propaganda" advertising; urging further study on the allocation of Missouri River basin waters; and commending REA Administrator Hamil. pp. 12300-1
At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 2406, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12310
At the request of Sen. Barrett, passed over H.R. 8643, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12345
Sen. Stennis, as acting Majority leader, assured Sens. Case, S.D., and Kefauver, that the TVA and Niagara power bills would be presented to the policy committee for consideration as to the disposition of the bill at the conclusion of the Civil Rights debate. pp. 12347-8

August 5, 1957

26. FISCAL POLICY. Sen. Bush inserted a series of articles on tight credit, lower prices, and the Administration's fiscal policies. pp. 12302-4

HOUSE

27. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Passed without amendment H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. p. 12374
28. FORESTRY; WATERSHEDS; COTTON; COUNTY COMMITTEES. The Agriculture Committee reported the following bills: p. 12446
H.R. 580, with amendment, to authorize the exchange of certain land under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service with Mo. (H. Rept. 989).
H.R. 5497, with amendment, to subject recreational and fish and wildlife development projects to certain conditions in order to receive Federal assistance under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (H. Rept. 990).
H.R. 6765, without amendment, to repeal the prohibitions against cotton acreage reports based on farmers' planting intentions (H. Rept. 991).
H.R. 8508, with amendment, to provide two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties in Minn. and Iowa (H. Rept. 994).
29. PERSONNEL. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee reported with amendment H.R. 4640, to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act to permit persons transferring to non-Act positions to retain voluntary contribution accounts (H. Rept. 1000). p. 12446
30. NATURAL RESOURCES. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendment S.J. Res. 35, to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection of the natural resources of the U.S.. (H. Rept. 988). p. 12446
31. FIBER. The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported with amendment H.R. 469, to protect producers and consumers against misbranding and false advertising of the fiber content of textile fiber products (H. Rept. 986). p. 12446
Passed with amendment H.R. 7096, to exempt istle and Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930. pp. 12433-34
32. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Harvey defended the farm program against recent attacks, citing accomplishments during the past four years. p. 12438
Rep. McGovern urged increased distribution of surplus foods, and suggested five methods for "better utilization of food surpluses." p. 12436
33. OLEOMARGARINE. Passed over, on objections by Rep. Andresen, Marshall, and Bass, H.R. 912, to provide for the serving of oleomargarine or margarine in the Navy ration. The bill was thus stricken from the consent calendar. p. 12369
34. PUBLIC LANDS. Passed as reported H.R. 8054, to provide for the leasing of oil and gas deposits in lands beneath inland navigable waters in Alaska. p. 12370
Passed as reported H.R. 2237, to authorize the transfer of certain property of VA to the Johnson City (Tenn.) National Farm Loan Assoc. and the E. Tenn. Production Credit Assoc., local units of the Farm Credit Administration. p. 12371

MISSOURI LAND EXCHANGE

AUGUST 5, 1957.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. COOLEY, from the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany H. R. 580]

The Committee on Agriculture to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 580) to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

The amendment is as follows:

Page 1, line 8, strike out "Secretary of Agriculture" and insert "United States".

STATEMENT

The purpose of this bill is to authorize the exchange of lands between the State of Missouri and the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose of consolidating under Federal ownership land now owned by the State which is situated within the boundary of national forests in Missouri.

DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL

Details of the proposed exchange are explained in the following letter from the Department of Agriculture, recommending enactment of this legislation. The amendment recommended by the Department has been made by the committee.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington, D. C., May 2, 1957.

HON. HAROLD D. COOLEY,
*Chairman, Committee on Agriculture,
House of Representatives.*

DEAR CONGRESSMAN COOLEY: In response to your letter of February 5, 1957, we are glad to submit the following report on H. R. 580, a bill to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

We recommend that H. R. 580 be enacted and amended as hereinafter noted.

This bill would authorize the State of Missouri, notwithstanding the provisions of the act of July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301-308), to convey to the Secretary of Agriculture all right, title and interest of such State in and to land granted to the State of Missouri under authority of the aforementioned act of July 2, 1862, located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests in Missouri. In exchange for such land the Secretary of Agriculture would be authorized to convey to the State of Missouri not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands situated within that State. The authorized exchanges would be made in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Weeks law of March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U. S. C., 516) if the national forest lands involved were acquired under or otherwise are subject to the Weeks law; or under the exchange act of March 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C. 485, 486) if the national forest lands involved are reserved from the public domain or otherwise subject to that law. Lands conveyed to the State of Missouri pursuant to the act would have the same status as lands granted to the State under the act of July 2, 1862.

We recommend the following amendment: Page 1, line 8, strike the words "Secretary of Agriculture" and substitute therefor "United States". It is desirable that any conveyances be made to the United States rather than specifically to this Department.

The State of Missouri owns approximately 5,500 acres of lands within the boundaries of the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests which were granted to the State by the United States pursuant to the provisions of the Morrill Act approved July 2, 1862. This act granted public lands to the several States and Territories to provide colleges for the benefit of the agriculture and mechanical arts. The lands to which this bill applies are held for the benefit of the University of Missouri. Legal counsel of the university has advised that existing Federal and State laws relating to these lands do not permit exchange of them. The General Counsel for this Department concurs. Legislation therefore is necessary to authorize the State of Missouri to exchange the granted lands for national forest lands. We understand that facilitating State legislation has been recommended by university officials.

The lands owned by the State of Missouri are intermingled with lands acquired and reserved for national forest purposes. Land exchanges for the purpose of consolidating national forest lands and university lands into more solid blocks will permit more effective and economical administration of both groups of lands. Additionally, through such exchanges it will be feasible to consolidate and block in for the university a suitable area of forested lands for use as a school forest in conjunction with the summer camp of the university forestry school. The lands owned by the State are predominantly forested in character and are similar to the national forest lands with which they are intermingled. The contemplated exchanges therefore are feasible and desirable and will not add to Federal expenditures.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

[Report No. 989]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 3, 1957

MR. CARNAHAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AUGUST 5, 1957

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled
4 “An Act donating public lands to the several States and
5 Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of
6 agriculture and the mechanic arts”, approved July 2, 1862
7 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301–308), the State of Missouri is author-
8 ized to convey to the ~~Secretary of Agriculture~~ *United States*
9 all right, title, and interest of such State in and to any land
10 granted to such State under authority of such Act of July 2,
11 1862, which is located within the exterior boundaries of the

1 national forests situated within such State, and, in exchange
2 therefor, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey
3 to the State of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the
4 United States in and to not to exceed an equal value of
5 national forest lands (as determined by the Secretary) sit-
6 uated within such State.

7 SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of
8 this Act shall be made in accordance with the applicable
9 provisions of section 7 of the Act of March 1, 1911, com-
10 monly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C., sec.
11 516), and the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An
12 Act to consolidate national forest lands", approved March
13 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C., secs. 485 and 486).

14 SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri
15 under authority of this Act shall, upon acceptance of such
16 conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be
17 granted to such State subject to the provisions of the Act
18 of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this Act.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

[Report No. 989]

A BILL

To authorize the exchange of certain land in
the State of Missouri.

By Mr. CARNAHAN

JANUARY 3, 1957

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AUGUST 5, 1957

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Com-
mittee of the Whole House on the State of the
Union, and ordered to be printed

Aug 19, 1957

12. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Smith, N.J., inserted four editorials criticizing the House cuts in the mutual security appropriation bill. pp. 1781-2
13. DISASTER-RELIEF APPROPRIATIONS. Sen. Cooper urged support for the committee amendment to H.R. 9131, to provide \$25 million to meet the emergency conservation needs of rural areas struck by natural disasters. p. 13788
14. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW. Sen. Clark proposed a substitute for S. 2377, to provide for the production of statements and reports by witnesses, which would require the Government to bring forward statements of prospective witnesses before they were to testify, and grant the trial court authority to determine its actions if such were not done. pp. 13788-9
15. TRANSPORTATION. Sen. Sparkman inserted an Ala. Legislature resolution urging the repeal of the excise taxes on transportation. p. 13760
16. GOVERNMENT COMPETITION. The Select Small Business Committee submitted a report, "Government Competition With Private Business" (S. Rept. 1015). pp. 13760-1
17. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Mansfield announced there would be a call of the calendar for the passage of unobjected-to bills today, Aug. 20.. pp. 13784, 13792

HOUSE

18. WHEAT. Agreed to the conference report on S. 959, to exempt certain wheat producers from liability where all the wheat crop is fed or used for seed or food on the farm where produced. pp. 13908-09
19. MEATPACKERS. Reps. Mack and Hagen expressed gratification that consideration of H.R. 9020, to transfer certain work under the Packers and Stockyards Act to FTC, had been postponed, and expressed the hope that the measure would not be considered until next year. pp. 13900-03
20. TRANSPORTATION. Agreed to the conference report on S. 939, relative to rendering transportation services to the Government at free or reduced rates. The bill as agreed to amends Sec. 22 (providing for Government transportation services at free or reduced rates) of the Interstate Commerce Act so as to provide that Sec. 22 quotations issued by carriers must be filed immediately with the ICC in order that they can be made available to the general public, and also includes a provision making Sec. 5a of the ICC Act, which authorizes immunity from the antitrust laws of carriers under certain conditions, applicable to all Sec. 22 quotations made to the Federal Government. pp. 13903-06
Passed, under suspension of the rules, H.R. 5384, to amend the Interstate Commerce Act so as to provide for the preservation of competitive through routes for rail carriers. pp. 13882-83
21. ATOMIC ENERGY. Conferees were appointed on H.R. 8996, authorizing appropriations for AEC to acquire or construct power reactor facilities. (p. 13842)
Senate conferees were appointed Aug. 16.
Concurred in the Senate amendment to H.R. 7383, to provide Governmental indemnity and limitations on private liability for atomic energy hazards of certain licensees (p. 13842). This bill will now be sent to the President.
22. WATER RESOURCES. Conferees were appointed on S. 1482, to amend the Columbia Basin Project Act so as to increase the limitation on the acreage which one family might have of irrigated land (p. 13843). Senate conferees were appointed Aug. 15.

⁴
House

Aug. 19, 1957

23. RECLAMATION. Passed as reported H.R. 6940, to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to reimburse owners of lands acquired for developments under his jurisdiction for their moving expenses. p. 13846
24. CONSERVATION. Passed over, at the request of Rep. Byrnes, Wisc., S.J.Res. 35, to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection of the natural resources of the U. S.. p. 13853
25. FORESTRY. Passed as reported H.R. 580, to authorize the exchange of certain land under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service with Mo.. p. 13853
26. WATER UTILIZATION. Passed with amendment H.R. 8465, to grant consent to the Klamath River Basin compact between Calif. and Ore.. pp. 13869-73
27. WATERSHEDS. Rejected, 45 to 80, a motion by Rep. Cooley to consider under suspension of the rules H.R. 5497, to subject recreational and fish and wildlife development projects to certain conditions in order to receive Federal assistance under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act. pp. 13888-92
28. COTTON. Passed without amendment H.R. 6765, to repeal the prohibitions against cotton acreage reports based on farmers' planting intentions. p. 13853
29. PERSONNEL. Passed as reported H.R. 4640, to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act to permit persons transferring to non-Act positions to retain voluntary contribution accounts. p. 13854
30. APPOINTMENTS. Rep. Halleck commended the appointment of Dr. Harry J. Reed, recently retired dean and director of the Purdue Univ. School of Agriculture, as the USDA coordinator of the rural development program. p. 13909
31. CENSUS. Passed without amendment S. 1631, to amend various sections of the U.S. Code entitled "Census" (pp. 13860-61). This bill will now be sent to the President. A similar bill, H.R. 7911, was tabled.
32. WATER POLLUTION. Passed over, at the request of Rep. Byrnes, Wisc., H.R. 6701, granting the consent and approval of Congress to the Tenn. River Basin Water Pollution Control Compact. pp. 13861-62
33. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION. Passed as reported H.R. 8429, to amend the Vocational Rehabilitation Act so as to extend the time in which grants may be made to the States for vocational rehabilitation program expansion. p. 13862
34. INFORMATION. Passed without amendment H.J.Res. 313, designating the week of Nov. 22 to 28, 1957, as National Farm-City Week (p. 13906. This measure was reported without amendment earlier by the Judiciary Committee (H. Rept. 1194) (p. 13916).
35. MILK PRICES. Rep. Christopher objected to the necessity for holding hearings before the price of milk in the Md.-Va. area could be increased, pointing out that such hearings were not required before the prices of steel and gasoline were increased. p. 13842

register or enrollment or license of any vessel or any document in lieu thereof; and if the master or other person in charge or command of any such vessel shall not exhibit the same, when required by such officer, unless the vessel is one which by regulation of the Secretary of the Treasury is not required to have its register or enrollment or license or document in lieu thereof on board, such master or person in charge or command shall be liable to a penalty of \$100, unless the failure to do so is willful, in which case he shall be liable to a penalty of \$1,000 and to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The title was amended to read: "A bill to amend the laws relating to the endorsement of masters on vessel documents and to provide certain additional penalties for failure to exhibit vessel documents or other papers when required by enforcement officers."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

TUSCALOOSA LOCK AND DAM

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 6660) to provide that the lock and dam referred to as the Tuscaloosa lock and dam on the Black Warrior River, Ala., shall hereafter be known and designated as the William Bacon Oliver lock and dam.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That in honor of the late William Bacon Oliver, and in recognition of his long and outstanding service as a Member of Congress from Alabama's Sixth Congressional District, the Tuscaloosa lock and dam on the Black Warrior River, Ala., shall hereafter be known and designated as the William Bacon Oliver lock and dam, and shall be dedicated as a monument to his distinguished public service. Any law, regulation, map, document, or record of the United States in which such lock and dam is referred to shall be held and considered to refer to such lock and dam by the name of the "William Bacon Oliver lock and dam."

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NATIONAL CONSERVATION ANNIVERSARY COMMISSION

The Clerk called the resolution (S. J. Res. 35) to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection, in the public interest, of natural resources of the United States.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection?

Mr. BYRNES of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this resolution be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection?

There was no objection.

MISSOURI LAND EXCHANGE

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 580) to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That notwithstanding the provisions of the act entitled "An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," approved July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C. 301-308), the State of Missouri is authorized to convey to the Secretary of Agriculture all right, title, and interest of such State in and to any land granted to such State under authority of such act of July 2, 1862, which is located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests situated within such State, and, in exchange therefor, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey to the State of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands (as determined by the Secretary) situated within such State.

SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of this act shall be made in accordance with the applicable provisions of section 7 of the act of March 1, 1911, commonly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C. 516), and the applicable provisions of the act entitled "An act to consolidate national forest lands," approved March 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C. 485, 486).

SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri under authority of this act shall, upon acceptance of such conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be granted to such State subject to the provisions of the act of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this act.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 1, line 8, strike out "Secretary of Agriculture" and insert "United States."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECREATIONAL ASPECTS OF WATERSHED PROTECTION PROJECTS

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 5497) to amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act.

Mr. ASPINALL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that this bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection?

There was no objection.

REPORTS ON COTTON ACREAGE PLANTED

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 6765) to provide for reports on the acreage planted to cotton, to repeal the prohibitions against cotton acreage reports based on farmers' planting intentions, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 1 of the act of May 27, 1912, as amended (37 Stat.

118, 44 Stat. 1374; 7 U. S. C. 476), is amended to read as follows:

"The Secretary of Agriculture shall cause to be issued a report on or before the 10th day of July of each year showing by States and in toto the estimated acreage of cotton planted, to be followed on August 1 with an estimate of the acreage for harvest and on December 1 with an estimate of the harvested acreage."

SEC. 2. The first sentence of section 1 of the Act of May 3, 1924, as amended (43 Stat. 115, 44 Stat. 1373, 60 Stat. 940; 7 U. S. C. 475), is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary of Agriculture shall cause to be issued as of the first of each month during the cotton-growing and harvesting season from August to December, inclusive, reports describing the condition and progress of the crop and stating the probable number of bales which will be ginned, these reports to be issued simultaneously with the cotton-ginning reports of the Bureau of the Census relating to the same dates, the two reports to be issued from the same place at 11 o'clock ante meridian of the eighth day following that to which the respective reports relate."

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

STORAGE CAPACITY OF WHITNEY DAM

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 2580) to increase the storage capacity of the Whitney Dam and Reservoir and to make available 50,000 acre-feet of water from the reservoir for domestic and industrial use.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to make such additions and alterations to the Whitney Dam and Reservoir, at Whitney, Tex., as may be necessary to provide for the storage of an additional 50,000 acre-feet of water.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers is authorized to enter into agreements with local interests for participation in the cost of such alterations and for reimbursement to the Federal Government for water supply service rendered.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 1, line 3, strike out all after the enacting clause and insert "That the Whitney Reservoir project approved by the Flood Control Act approved August 18, 1941, is hereby modified to authorize the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to allocate 50,000 acre-feet of water supply storage in Whitney Reservoir, Tex., in such manner as to provide the best overall use of the project."

"SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized to enter into agreements with local interests for payment of the costs of the water supply storage, including annual operation and maintenance costs, based on an equitable cost allocation to be made by the Chief of Engineers: *Provided*, That the term of the contract shall not exceed the economic life of the project or 50 years, whichever is less."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT FOR ALASKA

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 6785) to amend section 26, title I, chapter 1, of the act entitled "An act making further provision for a civil government for Alaska, and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1900 (48 U. S. C. 381).

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it engaged, etc., That section 26, title I, chapter 1, of the act entitled "An act making further provision for a civil government for Alaska, and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1900 (48 U. S. C. 381), is amended by striking out the word "fisheries" wherever it appears and substituting in lieu thereof the words "fish and game", and by adding after the words "precious metals" in the first proviso the words ", and in the Chilkat River, and its tributaries, within 2.3 miles of United States survey No. 991 for all metals."

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AMENDING THE ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS ACT

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 8646) to amend the Alaska Public Works Act (63 Stat. 627; 48 U. S. C. 486 and the following) to clarify the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to convey federally owned land utilized in the furnishing of public works.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 5 of the Alaska Public Works Act (63 Stat. 627, 628, 48 U. S. C. 486c), is hereby amended by revising the next to the last sentence thereof to read as follows: "Upon completion of the public works, the Secretary of the Interior shall transfer to the applicant, in conformity with the provisions of said agreement, possession of and all rights, title, and interest of the United States in and to said public works; and the Secretary is also authorized to convey title in fee simple or such lesser interest as he may determine in and to any federally owned land under his jurisdiction which may have been utilized in the furnishing of said public works: *Provided,* That the Secretary shall include in instruments of conveyance (1) a reservation to the United States of all mineral deposits in the lands conveyed together with the right to mine and remove the same under applicable laws and regulations to be established by the Secretary; (2) a provision for the reversion to the United States, during a period of no longer than 25 years from the date of such instrument, of title to the conveyed land upon a finding by the Secretary that the land has not been used by the grantee or its successor for the purpose for which it was conveyed for a period of 5 years or such lesser period as the Secretary may specify in the conveyance; and (3) such other terms and conditions as he may determine to be appropriate."

SEC. 2. All instruments executed by the Secretary of the Interior, or his delegatee, purporting to convey, under the Alaska Public Works Act, title to federally owned land utilized in the furnishing of public works are hereby validated and confirmed.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

BUNKER HILL ISLAND IN LAKE CUMBERLAND, KY.

The Clerk called the bill (S. 1823) to authorize the conveyance of Bunker Hill Island in Lake Cumberland near Burnside, Ky., to the Commonwealth of Kentucky for public park purposes.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That, subject to section 2, the Secretary of the Army is authorized and directed to convey to the Commonwealth of Kentucky all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the following portion of Bunker Hill Island in Lake Cumberland, near Burnside, Ky.:

Tract No.	Vendor	Date of deed and/or D/T	Deed book	Page	D/T No.	Civil Action No.
M-1327	Ella G. Sloan.....	1-18-49	163	459	-----	-----
M-1344	Elmer R. Walden et ux.....	1- 5-49	163	192	-----	-----
M-1355	Ethel E. Rossler et vir.....	6- 1-49	167	203	-----	-----
M-1368	Mitt Boland et ux.....	5- 2-49	166	295	-----	-----
M-1369	Lillie Hollars et vir.....	2-10-49	164	156	-----	-----
M-1372	W. T. Turpin et ux.....	3-17-49	165	147	-----	-----
M-1373	Charles R. Cox et ux.....	3-21-49	-----	-----	1	471
M-1374	John Hollars et ux.....	3- 1-49	164	499	-----	-----
M-1375	Cleveland Davis et ux.....	3-29-49	165	227	-----	-----
M-1376	Zelmer Fitzgerald et ux.....	1-18-49	163	374	-----	-----
M-1377	Luther Hutchinson et ux.....	12- 1-48	162	261	-----	-----
M-1379	Earl Love et ux.....	1-12-49	163	267	-----	-----
M-1389	Oscar L. Dyer et ux.....	1- 4-49	163	141	-----	-----
M-1385	Nancy Massey et vir.....	2-16-49	164	388	-----	-----
M-1387	Mary Truxell et vir.....	1-24-49	-----	-----	1	464
M-1388	Cora Thompson et al.....	4- 8-49	-----	-----	1	477
M-1391	Marguerite Sloan.....	8- 3-49	-----	-----	2	462

SEC. 2. Title to the property authorized to be conveyed by this act shall revert to the United States, which shall have the right of immediate entry thereon, if the Commonwealth of Kentucky—

(1) has not commenced the development of such property for public park purposes within the 3-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this act; or

(2) shall ever cease to use such property for public park purposes.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Army is authorized to grant to the Commonwealth of Kentucky such rights-of-way for public access and utility lines across any property of the United States as may be necessary to facilitate the development and use of the property conveyed under authority of this act for public park purposes.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS ACCOUNTS UNDER CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT ACT

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 4640) to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act with respect to payments for voluntary contributions accounts.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 12 (d) of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U. S. C. 2262 (d)), is amended to read as follows:

A tract of land situate in the 8th Magisterial District of Pulaski County, Ky., at Burnside, Ky., and more particularly described as follows:

Being all of that part of an island lying entirely above the 765-foot contour line (m. s. l.), said island being known as Bunker Hill Island in the south fork of the Cumberland River embayment of Lake Cumberland, the downstream end of said island being located approximately 2,000 feet, more or less, upstream from the mouth of said river and extends upstream approximately 5,800 feet, more or less, said island contains 390 acres, more or less, and being a part of the same lands, the fee title to which was vested in the United States by reason of the following deeds of record in the office of the county court clerk for Pulaski County, Ky., and/or the filing of declaration of takings in civil actions pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky at London, viz:

"(d) Any present or former employee or member shall be paid the voluntary contribution account, provided he (1) is not eligible for immediate or deferred annuity under this act or (2) elects such payment prior to receipt of and in lieu of additional annuity, but such account shall not in any case include interest beyond date of payment. Such individual shall thereafter be eligible to deposit additional sums under this section only if he again becomes subject to this act after a separation from the service of more than three calendar days."

SEC. 2. The amendment made by the first section of this act shall take effect as of October 1, 1956.

With the following committee amendment:

Page 1, line 5, strike out "member" and insert "Member."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RENTALS AT THE LAKE GREESON RESERVOIR, NARROWS DAM

The Clerk called the bill (H. R. 4683) to authorize adjustment, in the public interest, of rentals under leases entered into for the provision of commercial recreation facilities at the Lake Greeson Reservoir, Narrows Dam.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 20, 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled
4 “An Act donating public lands to the several States and
5 Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of
6 agriculture and the mechanic arts”, approved July 2, 1862
7 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301–308), the State of Missouri is author-
8 ized to convey to the United States all right, title, and
9 interest of such State in and to any land granted to such
10 State under authority of such Act of July 2, 1862, which is
11 located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests

1 situated within such State, and, in exchange therefor, the
2 Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey to the State
3 of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the United States
4 in and to not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands
5 (as determined by the Secretary) situated within such State.

6 SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of
7 this Act shall be made in accordance with the applicable
8 provisions of section 7 of the Act of March 1, 1911, com-
9 monly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C., sec.
10 516), and the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An
11 Act to consolidate national forest lands", approved March
12 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C., secs. 485 and 486).

13 SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri
14 under authority of this Act shall, upon acceptance of such
15 conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be
16 granted to such State subject to the provisions of the Act
17 of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives August 19, 1957.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

Clerk.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the
State of Missouri.

AUGUST 20, 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued
For actions of

August 29, 1957
August 28, 1957
85th-1st, No. 157

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HIGHLIGHTS: (See Page 6.)

SENATE

1. LAND-WATER RESOURCES. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee and the Public Works Committee jointly reported with amendments S. Res. 148, to prescribe procedures and contents for reports to the Senate by executive agencies with respect to proposed projects for conservation and development of land and water resources (S. Rept. 1154). p. 14809
2. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Martin, Iowa, defended the record of the Eisenhower administration in connection with the farm program and set forth accomplishments on this matter. pp. 14881-4
3. WOOL PROGRAM. Sen. Barrett and others explained the problems of the sheep industry and the Wool Act of 1954, and recommended extension of the Act at the next session of Congress. pp. 14867-81
4. BUDGETING. Sen. Ellender objected to procedures for the Budget Bureau to restrict apportionments to levels which will result in obligations below the intent of Congress at the time the appropriations were made. pp. 14849-50
Sen. Byrd inserted a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury explaining the narrow margin between the public debt and the statutory debt limit, and the Senator stated he would oppose increasing the limit except for "dire national

emergency." pp. 14864-5

5. GRAIN STANDARDS. Sen. Humphrey inserted an editorial recommending reappraisal of the possible USDA change from the bushel to the hundredweight as a unit of grain measure, and the Senator requested that CSS not adopt the new procedure without further study and consultation with the trading groups. p. 14843
6. RESEARCH. Sen. Thye spoke in favor of S. 2306, to carry out the recommendations of the Commission on Increased Use of Agricultural Products for Industrial Purposes. pp. 14821-2
7. FORESTRY. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported without amendment H. R. 7900, to permit USDA to sell to individuals land in Ottawa County, Mich., which was acquired pursuant to title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (S. Rept. 1155). p. 14809
This Committee reported without amendment H. R. 580, to authorize exchange with Missouri of certain lands in the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests (S. Rept. 1156). p. 14809
8. POULTRY. Sen. Cotton inserted a N. H. Poultry Growers Assn. resolution opposing "Government controls or interference in the poultry industry except in a research capacity." p. 14809
9. INTEREST RATES. Sen. Neuberger said increased interest rates have restricted the economy of lumber and sawmill towns in Oregon. p. 14817
Sen. Martin, Pa., stated that U. S. interest rates are lower than in most countries and that the world-wide increase in interest rates is the result of "cheap money." pp. 14820-1
10. CONSERVATION. Sen. Humphrey inserted a resolution by the Michigan United Conservation Clubs favoring S. 871, which provides for a conservation-study commission and Youth Conservation Corps. pp. 14843-4
11. PUBLIC WORKS Committee submitted its summary of activities, including amendments to the Lease-Purchase Act and approvals of projects under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act. pp. 14817-20
12. CIVIL RIGHTS. Continued debate on the compromise civil rights bill, H. R. 6127. pp. 14808, 14826-62, 14885-900

HOUSE

13. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Concurred in the Senate amendments to H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intent not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. The bill counts the acreage underplanted in 1956 if the committee was notified, does not count acreage released under surrender and reapportionment provisions, and applies the bill to all allotted crops. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 14779
14. FOREIGN AID. Received the conference report on H.R. 9302, the 1958 mutual security appropriation bill (H. Rept. 1268). pp. 14799-800, 14806
15. PERSONNEL. Passed without amendment H.Con.Res. 175, to state a code of ethics for Government employees. p. 14785

MISSOURI LAND EXCHANGE

AUGUST 28, 1957.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. SYMINGTON, from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry,
submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 580]

The Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 580) to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri, having considered the same, report thereon with a recommendation that it do pass without amendment.

This bill authorizes the exchange of lands granted to the State of Missouri under the Morrill Act for national forest lands of not more than equal value. The lands held by the State are now intermingled with national forest lands and the bill would permit consolidation of the State lands and the Federal lands into separate blocks. State legislation will also be required before the exchange can be made.

DEPARTMENTAL VIEWS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington, D. C., May 2, 1957.

HON. HAROLD D. COOLEY,
*Chairman, Committee on Agriculture,
House of Representatives.*

DEAR CONGRESSMAN COOLEY: In response to your letter of February 5, 1957, we are glad to submit the following report on H. R. 580, a bill to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

We recommend that H. R. 580 be enacted and amended as hereinafter noted.

This bill would authorize the State of Missouri, notwithstanding the provisions of the act of July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301-308), to convey to the Secretary of Agriculture all right, title and interest of such State in and to land granted to the State of Missouri under authority of the aforementioned act of July 2, 1862, located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests in Missouri. In exchange for such land the Secretary of Agriculture would be author-

ized to convey to the State of Missouri not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands situated within that State. The authorized exchanges would be made in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Weeks law of March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U. S. C., 516) if the national forest lands involved were acquired under or otherwise are subject to the Weeks law; or under the exchange act of March 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C. 485, 486) if the national forest lands involved are reserved from the public domain or otherwise subject to that law. Lands conveyed to the State of Missouri pursuant to the act would have the same status as lands granted to the State under the act of July 2, 1862.

We recommend the following amendment: Page 1, line 8, strike the words "Secretary of Agriculture" and substitute therefor "United States". It is desirable that any conveyances be made to the United States rather than specifically to this Department.

The State of Missouri owns approximately 5,500 acres of lands within the boundaries of the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests which were granted to the State by the United States pursuant to the provisions of the Morrill Act approved July 2, 1862. This act granted public lands to the several States and Territories to provide colleges for the benefit of the agriculture and mechanical arts. The lands to which this bill applies are held for the benefit of the University of Missouri. Legal counsel of the university has advised that existing Federal and State laws relating to these lands do not permit exchange of them. The General Counsel for this Department concurs. Legislation therefore is necessary to authorize the State of Missouri to exchange the granted lands for national forest lands. We understand that facilitating State legislation has been recommended by university officials.

The lands owned by the State of Missouri are intermingled with lands acquired and reserved for national forest purposes. Land exchanges for the purpose of consolidating national forest lands and university lands into more solid blocks will permit more effective and economical administration of both groups of lands. Additionally, through such exchanges it will be feasible to consolidate and block in for the university a suitable area of forested lands for use as a school forest in conjunction with the summer camp of the university forestry school. The lands owned by the State are predominantly forested in character and are similar to the national forest lands with which they are intermingled. The contemplated exchanges therefore are feasible and desirable and will not add to Federal expenditures.

The Bureau of the Budget advises that there is no objection to the submission of this report.

Sincerely yours,

TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary.

○

Calendar No. 1190

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

[Report No. 1156]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 20, 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry

AUGUST 28, 1957

Reported by Mr. SYMINGTON, without amendment

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled
4 “An Act donating public lands to the several States and
5 Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of
6 agriculture and the mechanic arts”, approved July 2, 1862
7 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301–308), the State of Missouri is author-
8 ized to convey to the United States all right, title, and
9 interest of such State in and to any land granted to such
10 State under authority of such Act of July 2, 1862, which is
11 located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests

1 situated within such State, and, in exchange therefor, the
2 Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey to the State
3 of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the United States
4 in and to not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands
5 (as determined by the Secretary) situated within such State.

6 SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of
7 this Act shall be made in accordance with the applicable
8 provisions of section 7 of the Act of March 1, 1911, com-
9 monly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C., sec.
10 516), and the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An
11 Act to consolidate national forest lands", approved March
12 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C., secs. 485 and 486).

13 SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri
14 under authority of this Act shall, upon acceptance of such
15 conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be
16 granted to such State subject to the provisions of the Act
17 of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives August 19, 1957.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

Clerk.

85TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 580

[Report No. 1156]

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain land in
the State of Missouri.

AUGUST 20, 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Agriculture and Forestry

AUGUST 28, 1957

Reported without amendment

Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
(For Department Staff Only)

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For actions of August 30, 1957
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HIGHLIGHTS: House agreed to conference report on mutual security appropriation bill. Both Houses agreed to conference report on bill to extend Reorganization Act. Senate passed bills to require State contributions to Federal disaster relief and to adjust dates for claims in emergency feed program. Sen. Neuberger objected to Budget Bureau expenditure reductions.

HOUSE

1. MUTUAL SECURITY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. By a vote of 194-122, agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 9302. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15253-62
2. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Christopher and others debated the farm program. pp. 15274-6
3. PERSONNEL. By a vote of 315 to 0, agreed to the conference report on S. 2377, to provide for production of statements and reports of witnesses in loyalty cases, etc. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15248-53
4. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS. Rep. Reuss inserted an appraisal of Federal-State-local relationships, by the American Municipal Association. pp. 15266-8
5. APPROPRIATIONS. Rep. Budge inserted a table showing Congressional action on appropriations for the 85th Congress, 1st Session. p. 15287
6. ADJOURNED sine die. p. 15290

SENATE

7. DISASTER RELIEF. Passed without amendment S. 304, to require State contributions in connection with Federal disaster relief programs. pp. 15186, 15216-17
8. BUDGET. Sen. Neuberger objected to Budget Bureau procedures intended to result in reducing expenditures below the appropriation level, and inserted letters from the Budget Bureau and others on the matter. pp. 15099-101
Sen. Byrd urged further reductions in expenditures. pp. 15204-5

9. BUILDINGS. Passed as reported S. 2533, to authorize GSA to lease space for Federal agencies for periods not exceeding 15 years. p. 15193
10. IMPORTS. Passed with amendments H. R. 7096, to amend the Tariff Act so as to permit duty-free importation of istle or Tampico fiber. Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Beall to permit duty-free importation of certain wool yarn. The House later concurred in the Senate amendments. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15183-4, 15278
11. STATEHOOD. Received minority reports on S. 499 providing Alaska statehood, and S. 50, providing Hawaii statehood (S. Repts. 1163 and 1164, pt. 2). p. 15080
12. COTTON. Sen. Saltonstall said New England cotton textile mills are at a disadvantage, as compared with their competitors, because they must buy cotton at price-support levels. p. 15097
13. WATER RESOURCES. Sen. Johnson commended congressional actions for development of the Nation's water resources. p. 15112
Johnson
14. LEGISLATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENTS. Sens./and Knowland summarized this year's congressional accomplishments. pp. 15112-51, 15246
15. TOBACCO. Sen. Cooper defended the tobacco price-support program. pp. 15160-5
16. COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS. Sen. Proxmire was assigned to the Small Business Committee, Banking and Currency Committee, and Post Office and Civil Service Committee. Sen. Monroney was excused from the Small Business Committee, Sen. Lausche from Banking and Currency, and Sen. Clark from Post Office and Civil Service. p. 15194
17. FORESTRY. Sen. Humphrey inserted and commended a recommendation by Rep. Blatnik for reforestation along the Federal highways. pp. 15209-10
Passed without amendment H. R. 7900, to permit USDA to sell land in Ottawa County, Mich., which was acquired pursuant to Title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 15193
Passed without amendment H. R. 580, to authorize exchange with Missouri of certain land in the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 15197
18. REORGANIZATION. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on S. 1791, to extend the Reorganization Act of 1949 for two additional years, so as to apply to Presidential reorganization plans submitted before June 1, 1959. The final language of the bill also provides that a majority of those voting in either House (instead of a majority of the constituency of either House) may nullify a reorganization plan. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15205, 15248
19. PERSONNEL. Sen. Humphrey recommended that the President sign the pay raise bills and inserted a Library of Congress analysis of pay raises for major officials in the last few years. pp. 15213-16
20. CCC CLAIMS. Passed with amendment H. R. 2486, to authorize CCC to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of certain deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates in connection with purchase orders under its emergency feed program. The House later concurred in the amendment. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15216, 15277, 15285-6

dodging them. And the oil importers register their oil tankers, which bring this foreign oil to American shores, in foreign corporations that pay no income taxes. Those operating the bulk of these oil tankers that bring this foreign oil to this country are building up huge profits in the United States which are convertible into gold and on which no taxes are paid.

So it is easy to see why the President's plan for voluntary restriction of oil imports by voluntary action of the importing companies is not working satisfactorily. Several oil companies have announced that they would not abide by the administration's request for voluntary action.

The time for action has come. The big importing companies have turned their backs on the President of the United States and on our domestic economy. I request that the President of the United States protect the domestic economy of the United States by putting into effect compulsory controls on oil imports. Nothing else will work, simply because the big importers are too greedy to heed the plight of our domestic oil-producing States. Our domestic economy is imperiled by oil imports; the President's special six-man Cabinet Committee has already found that. Now is the time to stop that peril. Act now, Mr. President. Act for the American people.

ORDER OF BUSINESS

Mr. PURTELL. Mr. President, a parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator will state it.

Mr. PURTELL. Am I correct in understanding that the Senate is engaged in the call of the calendar?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

Mr. PURTELL. Am I correct in understanding that there are only about six more bills on the calendar, which could be disposed of very quickly?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is approximately correct.

Mr. PURTELL. I thank the Chair.

EXCHANGE OF CERTAIN LAND IN THE STATE OF MISSOURI

The bill (H. R. 580) to authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri was announced as next in order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the bill was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have a statement in explanation of H. R. 580 printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR ELLENDER

The State of Missouri owns approximately 5,500 acres of lands within the boundaries of the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests

which were granted to the State by the United States pursuant to the provisions of the Morrill Act approved July 2, 1862. These lands, which are held for the benefit of the University of Missouri, are intermingled with national forest lands. The State desires to consolidate its holdings and the Department of Agriculture desires to consolidate the national forest lands. Such consolidations will make each group of lands more useful and easier to administer. Federal and State legislation is necessary to authorize the State to exchange the Morrill Act lands and this bill will constitute the Federal consent to such exchange.

PRINTING OF REPORT OF 38TH BIENNIAL MEETING OF THE CONVENTION OF INSTRUCTORS OF THE DEAF

The resolution (S. Res. 194) to print the report of the proceedings of the 38th biennial meeting of the Convention of the Instructors of the Deaf was considered, and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the report of the proceedings of the 38th biennial meeting of the Convention of American Instructors of the Deaf, held at Knoxville, Tenn., June 23-28, 1957, be printed with illustrations, as a Senate document.

PROPOSED INVESTIGATION OF PRODUCTION, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE OF NEWSPRINT IN INTERSTATE COMMERCE

Mr. MAGNUSON. Mr. President, because this is probably the last day of the present session, I wish to make a statement on behalf of myself and the junior Senator from Washington.

I should like to take advantage of the opportunity on the call of the calendar to speak with respect to Calendar No. 131, Senate Concurrent Resolution 20, authorizing the Federal Trade Commission to make an investigation in relation to newsprint, the possibility of price-fixing in newsprint, and the possibility of violation of antitrust and monopoly laws.

Within the next few months there may again be a rise in the price of newsprint. Some months ago—and this is no coincidence—when one company raised its price for newsprint by \$5 a ton, all the other producers did likewise.

We are dependent to a great extent for our supplies of newsprint—I think probably 82 percent of it—on foreign countries, mainly Canada. Our publishers have had a difficult time in being able to maintain publishing schedules and meeting costs and estimates. Every time they do, the newsprint producers, mainly those controlled in Canada, raise their prices.

The supply has been short. Fortunately in the last few months it has loosened up a little. The purpose of the resolution was to suggest to the Federal Trade Commission—as has been done by the committee on perhaps six other occasions, and on one of which occasions newsprint producers were indicted for violation of the antitrust laws, and on other occasions were severely reprimanded for price fixing—to look into the situation again. I do not suggest that such practices are now being followed in the United States.

I do suggest that the practices in Canada are such that, if they were carried on in the United States they would be in violation of our antitrust laws. I mean a civilian violation, not a criminal violation.

The only purpose of the resolution is to have the Federal Trade Commission undertake a continuing study of the possibility of such a situation being in existence. It is a very serious problem in relation to newsprint, which is one of the most valuable commodities in the whole free world.

The Senator from Louisiana [Mr. ELLENDER] on occasions has objected to consideration of such a resolution, on the ground that the Federal Trade Commission can do it anyway. That is true, but sometimes, in order to get the Commission to do things, Congress must give it a slight push. That is the only purpose. I understand the Senator from Louisiana still objects, but I wish to ask him so that the record may be clear, whether, even though he objects, on the ground that the Federal Trade Commission can do this job anyway, he is in sympathy with the purpose of the resolution.

Mr. ELLENDER. As the Senator has said, I have opposed this kind of resolution for the simple reason that the Commission has ample authority to do the jobs without the resolution. I express the hope that the Commission will take action and look into this important situation. There is no reason why the resolution should be adopted, because I consider it absolutely unnecessary.

Mr. MAGNUSON. I thank the Senator.

APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL JUDGES FOR COURT OF APPEALS FOR CERTAIN COURTS IN THE SOUTHERN AND EASTERN DISTRICTS OF NEW YORK

The bill (S. 2864) to provide for the appointment of additional judges for the court of appeals of the second circuit and district courts for the southern and eastern districts of New York was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional circuit judge for the second circuit. In order that the table contained in section 44 (a) of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this section in the number of circuit judgeships for the second circuit, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to said circuit:

	Number of judges
"Circuits:	
* * *	* * *
Second-----	7
* * *	* * *

SEC. 2. The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional district judge for the southern district of New York and one additional district judge for the eastern district of New York. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 will reflect the changes made by this section in the number of judgeships for the southern and eastern districts

of New York, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to said districts:

"Districts:	Judges
New York:	*
Southern	19
Eastern	7

Mr. IVES. Mr. President, I move that the Senate reconsider the vote by which S. 2864 was passed.

Mr. JAVITS. Mr. President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the junior Senator from New York.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

Mr. JAVITS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the senior Senator from New York and I may be permitted to insert in the RECORD the pertinent portions of the hearings before the Judiciary Committee concerning the need for additional judges in the second circuit and in the southern and eastern districts of New York.

There being no objection, the statements were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

THE JUDICIAL BUSINESS OF THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

As originally enacted, the Judicial Code of 1911 provided for 4 circuit judgeships for the second circuit (36 Stat. 1131). The number was raised to 5 by the act of February 28, 1929 (45 Stat. 1346) and to 6 by the act of May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 584). The number of judgeships has remained the same since that time. The jurisdictional area of the circuit covers the States of Connecticut, New York, and Vermont which, according to the 1950 census, had a combined population of 17,215,219. Court is held in New York City.

From 1941 to 1950 there was a declining trend in the cases filed in this court. For the next 4 years the number stabilized in the vicinity of 350 cases a year, but during the fiscal year 1955 there was an increase of almost 60 percent over the previous fiscal year, resulting in an increase in pending cases from 154 on June 30, 1954, to 282 on the same date a year later. During the fiscal year 1956 there was some reduction in the number of cases commenced. The number of cases terminated continued to increase however and pending cases were reduced by 18. The figures were: cases commenced 462, cases terminated 480, and cases pending at the end of the fiscal year, 264. In the first half of the fiscal year 1957 covering the period from July 1 to December 31, 1956, the upward trend has been resumed with filings greater than those in the first half of the record fiscal year 1955.

The flow of cases in the first half of the fiscal years 1955, 1956, and 1957 in this court have been as follows:

	Pending at beginning of half-year period	Filed July 1, to Dec. 31	Terminated July 1, to Dec. 31	Pending at end of half-year period
July 1 to Dec. 31, 1954	154	275	142	287
July 1 to Dec. 31, 1955	282	224	174	332
July 1 to Dec. 31, 1956	264	281	183	362

In the first half of the fiscal year, which includes the summer vacation, it is natural for terminations to be less than cases filed, but a warning signal is given when the pending load continually mounts as it is doing in this circuit.

The figures for the past 16½ years are given in table I, attached.

Almost one-half of the cases commenced in the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit are appeals from the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and the number of these filed annually averaged about 170 cases from 1950 to 1954, but increased to 270 in the fiscal year 1955, and was 251 in 1956. Appeals from the other district courts have also increased. The following table shows the source of appeals for the last 7 years:

Source of appeals and original proceedings commenced in the U. S. Court of Appeals for the 2d circuit during the fiscal years 1950 to 1956

Source of appeal	Fiscal year						
	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Total appeals	318	361	350	352	366	581	462
Connecticut	16	11	15	17	22	33	21
New York, northern	7	5	10	12	10	31	15
New York, eastern	34	49	33	43	39	76	65
New York, southern	186	177	165	167	159	270	251
New York, western	15	11	7	19	19	28	15
Vermont	4	2	2	3	3	8	6
The Tax Court of the United States	32	54	57	43	52	69	51
National Labor Relations Board	18	31	35	29	45	36	20
All other boards and commissions	5	12	12	12	7	16	10
Original proceedings	1	9	14	7	10	14	8

From 1950 to 1956 total appeals have increased by 45 percent and appeals from the courts by 42 percent. During the first half of the fiscal year 1957 the trend is again up.

For the last 6 years the number of appeals commenced per judgeship in the second circuit has averaged 69 compared to the national average per judgeship in the same period of 50.

The caseload per judgeship for each circuit since 1941 is shown in table 2, attached. The number of cases filed per judgeship in 1954, 1955, 1956, and the first half of 1957 was as follows:

	Cases commenced per judgeship			
	Fiscal year			
	1954	1955	1956	1st half of 1957
All circuits	51	54	53	27
District of Columbia	52	49	60	24
1st	35	51	42	18
2d	61	97	77	47
3d	36	44	39	20
4th	70	67	70	37
5th	73	75	73	37
6th	51	53	52	28
7th	50	48	49	24
8th	33	37	34	13
9th	57	43	43	25
10th	42	48	48	23

In the fiscal year 1954, the second circuit caseload per judge of 61 was exceeded only by the fourth and fifth circuits and was 20 percent over the national average of 51. In the fiscal year 1955, the second circuit stood first with an average caseload per judge of 97, almost 80 percent above the national average of 54. Again, in 1956, the second circuit was first with 77 cases filed per judge compared with the national average of 53, and, once again, in the first half of the fiscal

year 1957, it had the largest number of cases filed per judge, with a caseload 74 percent above the national average and 10 cases per judge more than in any other circuit.

The median from docketing to disposition for this circuit compared with the median for all circuits since 1942 is shown in table 3, attached.

In spite of the heavy load, including many cases of great importance, the circuit has kept up its excellent record of prompt disposition of appeals. With the recent death of Circuit Judge Jerome Frank, the court now has an added handicap until the vacancy is filled, particularly since Judge Frank was known for the speed and facility with which his able opinions were written.

The following table shows the caseload per judge in other circuits in the fiscal year preceding that in which Congress created additional judgeships. In all but one instance this followed a recommendation by the Judicial Conference of the United States.

Additional circuit judgeships created by Congress since 1939 with the caseload per judge of the circuit in which the judgeship was recommended during the year preceding the action by Congress

Circuit	Number of additional judgeships	Date of act	Caseload per judge of cases filed during preceding fiscal year
6th	1	May 24, 1940	60
8th	2	do.	63
5th	1	Dec. 14, 1942	77
3d	1	Dec. 7, 1944	55
District of Columbia	3	Aug. 3, 1949	77
3d	1	do.	42
7th	1	do.	55
10th	1	do.	54
5th	1	Feb. 10, 1954	80
9th	2	do.	64

The 1955 caseload of 97 cases commenced per judge in the second circuit is larger than that of any other circuit where the creation of judgeships was recommended, and the 1956 caseload of 77 cases per judge is equal to that of the fifth and District of Columbia circuits, when additional judgeships were created for those circuits.

The Judicial Conference of the United States on March 24, 1955, in response to a request from the judicial council of the second circuit, recommended the creation of one additional circuit judgeship for this court.

At a meeting in January 1957 the circuit council of the circuit voted to recommend 2 additional circuit judges for this court instead of 1. The reason for this is the current increase in the business of the court, which seems to be in line with the long-term trend, the greatly augmented strain under which the court has been working during the last 2 years, and the growing number of trials and, thus, potential appeals in the district courts of the circuit.

The following table compares the cases per judge filed in the circuit in 1956 with the average for all circuits, and then on the basis of 7 judges for the second circuit court, the total for all circuits including the 2 judgeships recommended by the Judicial Conference (1 for the second circuit and 1 for the fourth) and finally on the basis of 8 judges for the second circuit court and for the national average the present number of judgeships plus 2 for the second circuit and 1 for the fourth.

Public Law 85-282
85th Congress, H. R. 580
September 4, 1957

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain land in the State of Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts", approved July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C., secs. 301-308), the State of Missouri is authorized to convey to the United States all right, title, and interest of such State in and to any land granted to such State under authority of such Act of July 2, 1862, which is located within the exterior boundaries of the national forests situated within such State, and, in exchange therefor, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey to the State of Missouri all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to not to exceed an equal value of national forest lands (as determined by the Secretary) situated within such State.

SEC. 2. Any exchange authorized by the first section of this Act shall be made in accordance with the applicable provisions of section 7 of the Act of March 1, 1911, commonly referred to as the Weeks Law (16 U. S. C., sec. 516), and the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to consolidate national forest lands", approved March 20, 1922 (16 U. S. C., secs. 485 and 486).

SEC. 3. Any land conveyed to the State of Missouri under authority of this Act shall, upon acceptance of such conveyance by such State, be held and considered to be granted to such State subject to the provisions of the Act of July 2, 1862, referred to in the first section of this Act.

Approved September 4, 1957.

State of Missouri.
Conveyance.

71 Stat. 607.

71 Stat. 608.

12 Stat. 503.

36 Stat. 962.

42 Stat. 465;

43 Stat. 1090.

